Second Semester M.Sc. Degree Examination, May 2007 STATISTICS

Paper - 2.3: Design and Analysis of Experiments

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

Instructions: Answer any 5 questions, without omitting any Unit.

All questions carry equal marks.

UNIT - I

- I. a) What do you mean by linear parametric function? Give an example. When do you say it is estimable? Illustrate it through an example.
 - b) Describe Gauss-Markoff set up through an example.
- II. a) State and prove Gauss-Markoff theorem.
 - b) What is a linear hypothesis? How do you test it?

UNIT - II

- III. a) What are the basic principles of experimentation? Describe which of them are employed in the construction of a RBD.
 - b) Starting with the model to be used, describe the analysis of a two-way classified data.
- IV. a) What is a Graeco-Latin square? Describe the analysis of a Graeco-Latin square.
 - b) What are the advantages of RBD over CRD? Derive the efficiency of RBD over CRD.

UNIT - III

- V. a) What are factorial experiments? Describe the analysis of a 2ⁿ factorial experiment.
 - b) Distinguish between symmetrical and asymmetrical factorial experiments.
- V1 a) What is fractional factorial? Explain how you use the Yate's algorithm for the analysis of such a design.
 - b) What do you mean by confounding? Describe the need for confounding in factorial experiments.

P.T.O.

UNIT - IV

- VII. a) Describe split-plot design. How do you analyse it?
 - b) What is balanced incomplete block design? Give an example.
- VIII. a) Using an appropriate model, describe intra-block analysis of a BIBD.
 - b) What is strip-plot design? How do you analyse it?

UNIT-V

- IX. a) Describe the analysis of covariance in a LSD.
 - b) Write short notes on connectedness and orthogonality of designs.
- X. a) Describe an optimality criteria for experimental design.
 - b) Describe a procedure for estimation of residual effects in a design.