



M 16932

Reg. No. : ASPSS1005

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First Semester M.Sc. Degree Examination, November 2009
STATISTICS
Paper – 1.2 : Analysis

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

- Instructions :** 1) Answer **any five** questions without omitting **any** Unit.
2) All questions carry **equal** marks.

UNIT – 1

I. a) Define :

i) Open set

ii) Closed set

Show that the set $S = \left\{1, -1, 1\frac{1}{2}, -1\frac{1}{2}, 1\frac{1}{3}, -1\frac{1}{3}, \dots\right\}$ is closed but not open.

b) Prove : A set is closed if and only if its complement is open.

c) Define convergence of a sequence. Show that $\{a_n\}$ where $a_n = \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^n$ is convergent.

II. a) State and prove Hein-Borel theorem.

b) Define continuous functions. Prove : If a function is continuous in a closed interval, then it is bounded therein.

c) Show that the series $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(\log n)^p}$, $p > 0$

converges for $p > 1$ and diverges for $p \leq 1$.

P.T.O.



UNIT - 2

- III. a) Prove or disprove : A function which is differentiable at a point is necessarily continuous at that point.
 b) State and prove Rolle's theorem.
 c) Show that $\sin x (1 + \cos x)$ is maximum at $x = \frac{\pi}{3}$.

IV. a) Evaluate :

$$\text{i) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1+x)^{1/x} - e}{x} \qquad \text{ii) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x - \sin x}{x^2}$$

- b) Define maxima and minima of a function of two variables. Show that $f(x, y) = y^2 + x^2y + x^4$ has a minimum at $(0, 0)$.
 c) If $xyz = abc$, show that the minimum value of $bcx + cay + abz$ is $3abc$.

UNIT - 3

- V. a) Define Rieman-Stieltjes integral. Find $\int_{-1}^1 x d[x]$ where $[x]$ is the greatest integer less than or equal to x .
 b) Prove or disprove : If $f \in R(\alpha)$ on $[a, b]$, then $|f| \in R(\alpha)$ on $[a, b]$.
 c) Every finite sum can be expressed as Rieman-Stieltjes integral - Prove.

VI. a) Let $F(x) = \int_0^x f(t)dt$. Under certain conditions on f , to be stated, show that

$$F'(x) = f(x), \text{ where } F'(x) = \frac{dF(x)}{dx}.$$

- b) Evaluate $\iiint_D \frac{x_1 x_2 x_3}{3} dx_1 dx_2 dx_3$ where D is a sphere of radius r with centre origin.
 c) Find the Laplace transform of :

i) $t^2 \sin at$

ii) $\int_0^t \frac{\tan x}{x} dx$.



UNIT - 4

- VII. a) Prove or disprove : All continuous functions are analytic.
b) Establish Cauchy-Riemann equations for analytic functions.
c) Define harmonic function. Find the harmonic conjugate of $u = x^2 - y^2 - 4xy - x + y$.

VIII. a) State and prove Cauchy's fundamental theorem.

b) Evaluate $\int_C \frac{1}{z^2} dz$ around the circle $|z|=1$.

c) State Cauchy's integral formula. Find $\int_C \frac{e^z \sin z}{z^2} dz$ where C is the circle $|z|=2$.

UNIT - 5

IX. a) State and prove Taylor's series theorem.

b) Obtain Maclaurin series expansion for $\frac{1}{1+z}$ for $|z|<2$.

c) Define :

i) Residue and

ii) Pole

Obtain residues of $f(z) = \frac{e^z}{z^2 + 4}$ at all its poles.

X. a) State and prove Cauchy's residue theorem.

b) Expand $\cos z$ into a Taylor series about $z = \frac{\pi}{2}$.

c) Evaluate :

i) $\int_0^\pi \frac{\sin \theta}{a + b \cos \theta} d\theta$

ii) $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin x}{x} dx$.
